# Paslode - STOCKade Fuel Cells Paslode - STOCKade (a part of ITW)

Chemwatch: 4919-89 Version No: 20.2

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements

#### Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 4

Issue Date: 20/08/2021 Print Date: 02/11/2021 L.GHS.AUS.EN

# SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

| Product Identifier            |   |  |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Product name                  | Paslode - STOCKade Fuel Cells   |  |
| Chemical Name                 | Not Applicable  |  |
| Synonyms                      | 902941; B20543F; B20544S; P94103A; R40050; R40060; R99002; R99004   |  |
| Proper shipping name          | FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES or FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing liquefied flammable gas |  |
| Chemical formula              | Not Applicable  |  |
| Other means of identification | Not Available   |  |

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Relevant identified uses | Fuel supply for Paslode and STOCKade tools. |
|--------------------------|---|
|--------------------------|---|

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | Paslode - STOCKade (a part of ITW)                 |
|-------------------------|--|
| Address                 | 47-55 Williamson Road Ingleburn NSW 2565 Australia |
| Telephone               | +61 2 9829 4000                                    |
| Fax                     | +61 2 9829 7788                                    |
| Website                 | www.paslode.com.au                                 |
| Email                   | cust.sales.au@paslodeanz.com                       |

#### Emergency telephone number

| Association / Organisation        | Poisons Information Centre (AU) |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Emergency telephone numbers       | 13 11 26                        |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | Not Available                   |

#### **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

| Poisons Schedule   | Not Applicable  |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Classification [1] | Flammable Gases Category 1A, Gases Under Pressure (Liquefied Gas)   |  |
| Legend:            | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI |  |

# Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





Signal word Da

Danger

#### Hazard statement(s)

| . ,    |   |
|--------|---|
| AUH044 | Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.      |
| H220   | Extremely flammable gas.                            |
| H280   | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. |

#### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

# Precautionary statement(s) Response

2377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

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In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

#### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

#### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

#### **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### **Mixtures**

| CAS No        | %[weight]   | Name   |
|---------------|---|--|
| Not Available | >60   | fuel nonhazardous proprietary  |
| Not Available |   | propellant, as   |
| 115-07-1      | 1-10  | propylene  |
| Legend:       | Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification     Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELV | on drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4.<br>'s available |

#### **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

#### Description of first aid measures

| <u> </u>     |  |
|--------------|--|
| Eye Contact  | <ul> <li>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</li> <li>Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>  |
| Skin Contact | If skin or hair contact occurs:  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.   |
| Inhalation   | <ul> <li>If furnes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested.</li> <li>Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures.</li> <li>Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.</li> <li>Transport to hospital, or doctor.</li> </ul>   |
| Ingestion    | <ul> <li>Not considered a normal route of entry.</li> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Seek medical advice.</li> </ul> |

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

For acute or short term repeated exposures to petroleum distillates or related hydrocarbons:

- ▶ Primary threat to life, from pure petroleum distillate ingestion and/or inhalation, is respiratory failure.
- Patients should be quickly evaluated for signs of respiratory distress (e.g. cyanosis, tachypnoea, intercostal retraction, obtundation) and given oxygen. Patients with inadequate tidal volumes or poor arterial blood gases (pO2 50 mm Hg) should be intubated.
- Arrhythmias complicate some hydrocarbon ingestion and/or inhalation and electrocardiographic evidence of myocardial injury has been reported; intravenous lines and cardiac monitors should be established in obviously symptomatic patients. The lungs excrete inhaled solvents, so that hyperventilation improves clearance.
- A chest x-ray should be taken immediately after stabilisation of breathing and circulation to document aspiration and detect the presence of pneumothorax.
- Epinephrine (adrenalin) is not recommended for treatment of bronchospasm because of potential myocardial sensitisation to catecholamines. Inhaled cardioselective bronchodilators (e.g. Alupent, Salbutamol) are the preferred agents, with aminophylline a second choice.
- Lavage is indicated in patients who require decontamination; ensure use of cuffed endotracheal tube in adult patients. [Ellenhorn and Barceloux: Medical Toxicology]

# **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

- Water spray or fog.
- ▶ Foam
- Dry chemical powder.
- BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide

#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

Avoid contamination with strong oxidising agents as ignition may result

#### Advice for firefighters

- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Fire Fighting
  - May be violently or explosively reactive.

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|                       | <ul> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.</li> <li>If safe, switch off electrical equipment until vapour fire hazard removed.</li> <li>Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.</li> <li>DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.</li> <li>Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li> <li>If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li> <li>Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.</li> </ul>   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Fire/Explosion Hazard | <ul> <li>HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames.</li> <li>Will form explosive mixtures with air</li> <li>Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/ or vapour concentration.</li> <li>Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.</li> <li>Containers may explode when heated - Ruptured cylinders may rocket</li> <li>Fire may produce irritating, poisonous or corrosive gases.</li> <li>Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard.</li> <li>May decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.</li> <li>High concentration of gas may cause asphyxiation without warning.</li> <li>Contact with gas may cause burns, severe injury and/ or frostbite.</li> <li>Other combustion products include:</li> <li>carbon dioxide (CO2)</li> <li>other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.</li> </ul> |
| HAZCHEM               | 2Y  |

# **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

# **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Minor Spills | <ul> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing, impervious gloves and safety glasses.</li> <li>Shut off all possible sources of ignition and increase ventilation.</li> <li>Wipe up.</li> <li>If safe, damaged cans should be placed in a container outdoors, away from all ignition sources, until pressure has dissipated.</li> <li>Undamaged cans should be gathered and stowed safely.</li> </ul>   |
|--------------|---|
| Major Spills | <ul> <li>Clear area of personnel and move upwind.</li> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>May be violently or explosively reactive.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses</li> <li>No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.</li> <li>Increase ventilation.</li> <li>Stop leak if safe to do so.</li> <li>Water spray or fog may be used to disperse / absorb vapour.</li> <li>Absorb or cover spill with sand, earth, inert materials or vermiculite.</li> <li>If safe, damaged cans should be placed in a container outdoors, away from ignition sources, until pressure has dissipated.</li> <li>Undamaged cans should be gathered and stowed safely.</li> <li>Collect residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.</li> </ul> |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

# **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

| Precautions for safe handling |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Safe handling                 | Remove all ignition sources.  Limit all unnecessary personal contact.  Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.  Use in a well-ventilated area.  When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.  Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.  Avoid physical damage to containers.  Use good occupational work practice.  Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.  |
| Other information             | Store in original containers in approved flame-proof area. DO NOT store in pits, depressions, basements or areas where vapours may be trapped. No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources. Keep containers securely sealed. Contents under pressure. Store away from incompatible materials. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area in an upright position. Avoid storage at temperatures higher than 49 deg C. Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks. Observe manufacturer's storing and handling recommendations. |

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Suitable container      | Fuel cell cartridge.         |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Storage incompatibility | Avoid storage with oxidisers |

# **SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection**

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#### **Control parameters**

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

#### **Emergency Limits**

| Ingredient | TEEL-1        | TEEL-2    |              | TEEL-3      |
|------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| propylene  | 1,500 ppm     | 2800* ppm |              | 17000** ppm |
|            |               |           |              |             |
| Ingredient | Original IDLH |           | Revised IDLH |             |
|            |               |           |              |             |

| Ingredient | Original IDLH | Revised IDLH  |
|------------|---------------|---------------|
| propylene  | Not Available | Not Available |

#### MATERIAL DATA

#### **Exposure controls**

#### Appropriate engineering Use in a well-ventilated area controls General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. Personal protection No special equipment for minor exposure i.e. when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Safety glasses with side shields. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption Eye and face protection and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent] Skin protection See Hand protection below No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. Hands/feet protection THERWISE: Wear general protective gloves, e.g. light weight rubber gloves. Or as required: Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. Wear safety footwear. **Body protection** See Other protection below No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Other protection Overalls. Barrier cream.

### **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

► Eyewash unit.

| Appearance                                   | Compressed highly flammable liquified gas. |   |                |
|--|--|---|----------------|
| Physical state                               | Liquified Gas                              | Relative density (Water = 1)            | 0.7            |
| Odour  | Not Available                              | Partition coefficient n-octanol / water | Not Available  |
| Odour threshold                              | Not Available                              | Auto-ignition temperature (°C)          | Not Available  |
| pH (as supplied)                             | Not Applicable                             | Decomposition temperature               | Not Available  |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C)          | Not Available                              | Viscosity (cSt)                         | Not Applicable |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | Not Available                              | Molecular weight (g/mol)                | Not Applicable |
| Flash point (°C)                             | -108                                       | Taste                                   | Not Available  |
| Evaporation rate                             | Not Available                              | Explosive properties                    | Not Available  |
| Flammability                                 | HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.                          | Oxidising properties                    | Not Available  |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%)                    | Not Available                              | Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)        | Not Available  |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%)                    | Not Available                              | Volatile Component (%vol)               | 100            |
| Vapour pressure (kPa)                        | Not Available                              | Gas group                               | Not Available  |
| Solubility in water                          | Partly miscible                            | pH as a solution (%)                    | Not Applicable |
| Vapour density (Air = 1)                     | >1   | VOC g/L                                 | 700            |

#### **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

| Reactivity | See section 7 |
|------------|---------------|
|------------|---------------|

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| Chemical stability                 | <ul> <li>Elevated temperatures.</li> <li>Presence of open flame.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul> |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7  |
| Conditions to avoid                | See section 7  |
| Incompatible materials             | See section 7  |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | See section 5  |

# **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

| In | formation | on | toxico | logical | effects |
|----|-----------|----|--------|---------|---------|
|----|-----------|----|--------|---------|---------|

| Inhaled                 | Inhalation may cause cardiac sensitisation.  Acute effects from inhalation of high concentrations of gas/vapour are pulmonary irritation, including coughing, with nausea; central nervous system depression - characterised by headache and dizziness, increased reaction time, fatigue and loss of co-ordination  WARNING:Intentional misuse by concentrating/inhaling contents may be lethal.  Not considered to cause discomfort through normal use. |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Ingestion               | Not normally a risk due to extreme volatility of liquid.  Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments  |  |  |
| Skin Contact            | The liquid may be miscible with fats or oils and may degrease the skin, producing a skin reaction described as non-allergic contact dermatitis.  The material is unlikely to produce an irritant dermatitis as described in EC Directives.   |  |  |
| Еуе                     | Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).   |  |  |
| Chronic                 | Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.   |  |  |
|                         |  |  |  |
| Paslode - STOCKade Fuel | TOXICITY IRRITATION  |  |  |

| Paslode - STOCKade Fuel<br>Cells | TOXICITY  Not Available   | IRRITATION  Not Available |  |
|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------|--|
| propylene                        | TOXICITY  Inhalation(Rat) LC50; 382321.768 ppm4h <sup>[2]</sup>   | IRRITATION  Not Available |  |
| Legend:                          | Nalue obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances |                           |  |

|           | No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.<br>The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3: |
|-----------|---|
| PROPYLENE | NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.   |

Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited in animal testing.

|                                   | • |                          |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| Acute Toxicity                    | × | Carcinogenicity          | × |
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion         | × | Reproductivity           | × |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation     | × | STOT - Single Exposure   | × |
| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | × | STOT - Repeated Exposure | × |
| Mutagenicity                      | × | Aspiration Hazard        | × |

Legend:

X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
 ✓ − Data available to make classification

# **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

| Pasiode - STOCKade Fuel<br>Cells | Endpoint         | Test Duration (hr)                               | Species   | Value                     | Source           |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--|---|---------------------------|------------------|
|                                  | Not<br>Available | Not Available                                    | Not Available                                   | Not<br>Available          | Not<br>Available |
|                                  | Endpoint         | Test Duration (hr)                               | Species   | Value                     | Source           |
| propylene                        | LC50             | 96h  | Fish  | 51.7mg/l                  | 2                |
|                                  | EC50(ECx)        | 96h  | Algae or other aquatic plants                   | 12.1mg/l                  | 2                |
|                                  | EC50             | 96h  | Algae or other aquatic plants                   | 12.1mg/l                  | 2                |
| Legend:                          | Extracted from   | 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Regis     | tered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information | n - Aquatic Toxicity 3. E | PIWIN Sı         |
|                                  | ' '              | - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, I |   | TOC Aquatic Hazard        | Assessme         |

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#### Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil   | Persistence: Air            |
|------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| propylene  | LOW (Half-life = 56 days) | LOW (Half-life = 0.57 days) |

# Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation |
|------------|-----------------|
| propylene  | LOW (BCF = 31)  |

#### Mobility in soil

| Ingredient | Mobility                              |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|            | No Data available for all ingredients |  |

# **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

# **SECTION 14 Transport information**

# **Labels Required**

|                  | 2  |
|------------------|----|
| Marine Pollutant | NO |
| HAZCHEM          | 2Y |

# Land transport (ADG)

| UN number                    | 3478  |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UN proper shipping name      | FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES or FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing liquefied flammable gas |  |  |
| Transport hazard class(es)   | Class 2.1 Subrisk Not Applicable  |  |  |
| Packing group                | Not Applicable  |  |  |
| Environmental hazard         | Not Applicable  |  |  |
| Special precautions for user | Special provisions 328 338 Limited quantity 120 ml  |  |  |

# Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

| UN number                    | 3478   |                        |                           |  |
|------------------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| UN proper shipping name      | Fuel cell cartridges contained in equipment containing liquefied flammable gas; Fuel cell cartridges packed with equipment containing liquefied flammable gas; Fuel cell cartridges containing liquefied flammable gas |                        |                           |  |
| Transport hazard class(es)   | ICAO/IATA Class ICAO / IATA Subrisk ERG Code   | 2.1 Not Applicable 10L |                           |  |
| Packing group                | Not Applicable   |                        |                           |  |
| Environmental hazard         | Not Applicable   |                        |                           |  |
| Special precautions for user | Special provisions   |                        | A146 A161; A146 A161 A802 |  |
|                              | Cargo Only Packing Instructions  |                        | 216; 215; 217             |  |
|                              | Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack  |                        | 15 kg                     |  |
|                              | Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions   |                        | 216; 215; 217             |  |
|                              | Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack   |                        | 1 kg                      |  |
|                              | Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions  |                        | Forbidden; Y215           |  |
|                              | Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack   |                        | Forbidden; 0.5 kg         |  |

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#### Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

| UN number                    | 3478   |  |  |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| UN proper shipping name      | FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES or FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT containing liquefied flammable gas |  |  |
| Transport hazard class(es)   | IMDG Class 2.1  IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable  |  |  |
| Packing group                | Not Applicable   |  |  |
| Environmental hazard         | Not Applicable   |  |  |
| Special precautions for user | EMS Number F-D , S-U Special provisions 328 338 Limited Quantities 120 mL  |  |  |

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

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#### Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

| Product name | Group         |
|--------------|---------------|
| propylene    | Not Available |

#### Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

| Product name | Ship Type     |
|--------------|---------------|
| propylene    | Not Available |

# **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

propylene is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC

Monographs

### **National Inventory Status**

| National Inventory                                 | Status   |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Australia - AIIC / Australia<br>Non-Industrial Use | Yes  |  |  |
| Canada - DSL                                       | Yes  |  |  |
| Canada - NDSL                                      | No (propylene)   |  |  |
| China - IECSC                                      | Yes  |  |  |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP                      | Yes  |  |  |
| Japan - ENCS                                       | /es  |  |  |
| Korea - KECI                                       | Yes  |  |  |
| New Zealand - NZIoC                                | Yes  |  |  |
| Philippines - PICCS                                | Yes  |  |  |
| USA - TSCA   | Yes  |  |  |
| Taiwan - TCSI                                      | Yes  |  |  |
| Mexico - INSQ                                      | Yes  |  |  |
| Vietnam - NCI                                      | Yes  |  |  |
| Russia - FBEPH                                     | Yes  |  |  |
| Legend:  | Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration. |  |  |

# **SECTION 16 Other information**

| Revision Date | 20/08/2021 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date  | 13/09/2002 |

# **SDS Version Summary**

| Version | Date of Update | Sections Updated  |  |
|---------|----------------|---|--|
| 20.1    | 20/08/2021     | Classification change due to full database hazard calculation/update. |  |
| 20.2    | 02/11/2021     | Classification, Supplier Information, Synonyms                        |  |

# Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification

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committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

#### **Definitions and abbreviations**

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit,

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List

NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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